APPENDIX C

GUIDELINES FOR UPGRADING OF EXISTING BRIDGERAILS

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Appendix C Guidelines for Upgrading of Existing Bridgerails

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APPENDIX C1

LIFE-CYCLE BENEFIT-COST ANALYSIS PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINING THE NEED FOR BRIDGERAIL UPGRADING

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Appendix C1

Life-Cycle Benefit-Cost Analysis Procedure for Determining the Need for Bridgerail Upgrading

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HC1.1 Life-Cycle Benefit-Cost Analysis Procedure

The need to upgrade an existing bridgerail is determined from a life-cycle benefit-cost analysis procedure. The Technical Summary provided in this appendix outlines the analysis procedure to be used for determining the need to upgrade Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation's existing bridgerails. The basis of this procedure comes from the 2003 INFTRA Report entitled "Guidelines for Upgrading of Existing Bridgerails/Approach Rail Transitions in Alberta." Unlike the original document, upgrading of existing approach rail transitions has been excluded from this Technical Summary. Upgrading of existing approach rail transitions is described in Appendix D because the methodology has been extended in the form of Warrant Charts.

The steps to carry out the life-cycle benefit-cost analysis procedure for existing bridgerails are as follows:

- 1. Select the bridgerail upgrading alternatives to be considered. Figure HC2.1 (Appendix C2) shows Alberta Infrastructure and Transportation's commonly used existing bridgerails. Figures HC2.2-1 and HC2.2-2 (Appendix C2) show recommended upgrading concepts for these bridgerails. Other bridgerail upgrades may be used if justified by site specific requirements. In situations where standard bridgerail upgrading drawings have been developed by INFTRA, such as the Vertical Bar/Horizontal Rail Bridgerails (S-1750-07 to S-1752-07) and the Single Layer Deep Beam Bridgerail (S-1720-07), these upgrading drawings shall be used unless otherwise approved by INFTRA. The bridgerail upgrading alternatives considered should include the "do nothing" alternative.
- 2. Determine the severity indices for each existing bridgerail and upgrading alternative being considered. Severity Indices (SI) for existing INFTRA bridgerails are shown in Figure HC2.1 (Appendix C2); SI values for recommended bridgerail upgrades are shown in Figures HC2.2-1 and HC2.2-2 (Appendix C2).

For Vertical Bar/Horizontal Rail Bridgerails, Standard INFRA bridge drawings S-1750-07 to S-1752-07 provide the upgrading details that should be used for this type of bridgerail. SI values for upgraded Vertical Bar/Horizontal Rail Bridgerails are provided below:

Design Speed (km/h)	50	60	80	100	110	120
Severity Index	2.0	2.1	2.5	3.0	3.3	3.7

Note: The SI values in Figure HC2.1 for existing 1) Single Layer Deep Beam Bridgerail on Participating Curb and 2) Double Layer Deep Beam Bridgerail on Participating Curb are different than the SI values presented in the INFTRA Report entitled "Guidelines for Upgrading of Existing Bridgerails/Approach Rail Transitions in Alberta." The SI values for the higher design speeds have been increased for these two types of bridgerails to be more consistent with the SI values assigned to other bridgerail types.

3. Determine the "present worth" of the collision costs for each bridgerail upgrading alternative being considered, including the "do nothing" alternative, using the following equation:

$$PWCC = R * k_c * k_q * P * k_m * k_s * AC * L * KC/1000$$

Where:

PWCC = present worth of the collision costs (for one side of the bridge only)

R = basic encroachment rate (Table HC1.1, see note below)

k_c = highway curvature factor (Table HC1.2) k_g = highway grade factor (Table HC1.3)

P = lateral encroachment probability (Table HC1.4)

 k_m = highway multi-lane factor (Table HC1.5)

ks = bridge height and occupancy factor (Table HC1.6) AC = cost per collision for severity index (Table HC1.7)

L = length of bridgerail for which collision costs are being determined (m)

KC = present worth conversion factor (Table HC1.8). Annual collision costs are converted to present worth for a discount rate of 4% and a traffic growth rate of 2%. The project life used to determine KC should not exceed 20 years. A project life of less than 20 years

should be used if the bridgerail deck and/or curb are expected to be replaced within this

time period.

Note: The encroachment rates shown in Table HC1.1 are based on a conservative estimate of the encroachment curves from an older RSAP publication that has since been superseded, except that the values have been divided by a factor of 2 (for undivided highway – 2 lanes) or 4 (for divided highways – 4 lanes) to obtain the encroachment rates on one side of the highway only. The encroachment rates in Table HC1.1 have been further divided by a factor of 1.6 to obtain the encroachment rates on one side of the highway from the adjacent traffic lane only. The factor of 1.6 is taken from Table HC1.5 for a design speed of 100 km/h.

It should be pointed out that the encroachment rates from Table HC1.1 have since been superseded by the encroachment frequency curves shown in Figure H3.11 of this manual. While the encroachment frequencies in Figure H3.12 are considered to be more accurate, the older set of encroachment frequency data in Table HC1.1 should be used to be consistent with the 2003 INFRA report entitled "Guidelines for Upgrading of Existing Bridgerails/Approach Rail Transitions in Alberta".

- 4. Determine the present worth of the bridgerail upgrading costs, including any associated deck and curb upgrading costs. These costs are determined for one side of the bridge only to be consistent with the collisions costs. The upgrading costs must then be multiplied by an adjustment factor to convert them into year 2000 dollars since the yearly assumed collision costs are based on societal costs in year 2000 dollars. For reference, the recommended factor for converting year 2007 costs to year 2000 costs is assumed to be 1.5. The magnitude of this conversion factor for life-cycle benefit-cost analyses carried out after year 2007 should be chosen accordingly. The societal costs for the three different collision classes fatal, injury, and property damage only, are presented in Section H.3.3.1 of the RDG.
- 5. Determine the "present worth" of each bridgerail upgrading alternative being considered, including the "do nothing" alternative, by adding the bridgerail upgrading cost (if any) to the "present worth" of the annual collision costs. Select the upgrading alternative with the lowest "present worth" using a discount rate of 4%.

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TABLE HC1.1 Basic Encroachment Rates (R)

Traffic Volume	Basic Encroachment Rate ² (encroachments / km / year / side of highway)			
(AADT) ¹	Undivided Highways	Divided Highways		
0	0.00	0.00		
1000	0.34	0.13		
2000	0.61	0.23		
3000	0.80	0.30		
4000	0.91	0.36		
5000	0.97	0.38		
6000	0.92	0.38		
7000	0.76	0.41		
8000	0.66	0.43		
9000	0.66	0.45		
10,000	0.67	0.48		
11,000	0.70	0.50		
12,000	0.72	0.53		
13,000	0.74	0.56		
14,000	0.76	0.59		
15,000	0.79	0.62		
16,000	0.81	0.66		
17,000	0.83	0.69		
18,000	0.86	0.72		
19,000	0.88	0.75		
20,000	0.91	0.79		
21,000	0.93	0.83		
22,000	0.95	0.87		
23,000	0.98	0.91		
24,000	1.00	0.95		
25,000	1.02	0.99		

NOTES:

¹ The Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) is consistent with the traditional definition as being the total volume of traffic (vpd) during a year, in both directions, divided by 365 days in a year.

² Basic Encroachment Rates are the encroachment rates towards one side of the highway from the adjacent traffic lane only.

TABLE HC1.2 Highway Curvature Factors (kc)

Radius of Curve (m)	Bridgerail on Outside of Curve	Bridgerail on Inside of Curve
≤ 300	4.00	2.00
350	3.00	1.65
400	2.40	1.45
450	1.90	1.30
500	1.50	1.15
550	1.20	1.05
≥ 600	1.00	1.00

TABLE HC1.3 Highway Grade Factors (kg)

Grade (%) ¹	Highway Grade Factor
≥ -2	1.00
-3	1.25
-4	1.50
-5	1.75
≤ -6	2.00

 $^{^{\}mathrm{1}}$ The grade used is for the direction of travel when approaching the bridgerail.

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TABLE HC1.4 Lateral Extent of Encroachment Probabilities (P)*

Shoulder Width			Design Sp	eed (km/h)		
(m)	50	60	80	100	110	120
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
0.50	0.6798	0.7393	0.8242	0.8901	0.9102	0.9213
1.00	0.5203	0.5919	0.6877	0.7731	0.8073	0.8397
1.50	0.4132	0.4921	0.5956	0.6794	0.7192	0.7542
2.00	0.3319	0.4135	0.5283	0.6056	0.6454	0.6842
2.50	0.2698	0.3497	0.4720	0.5472	0.5849	0.6233
3.00	0.2209	0.2973	0.4217	0.4983	0.5344	0.5723
3.50	0.1822	0.2544	0.3766	0.4555	0.4906	0.5274
4.00	0.1506	0.2179	0.3367	0.4174	0.4515	0.4881
4.50	0.1248	0.1874	0.3012	0.3828	0.4158	0.4520
5.00	0.1035	0.1613	0.2700	0.3516	0.3834	0.4189

^{*} See AASHTO 1996 Roadside Design Guide for more extensive table providing values up to 120 feet offset.

TABLE HC1.5 Highway Multi-Lane Factors (km)

Design Speed (km/h)	Highway Multi-Lane Factor
50	1.20
60	1.30
80	1.45
100	1.60
110	1.65
120	1.70

Note: The Multi-Lane Factor accounts for encroachments from all other lanes.

TABLE HC1.6 Bridge Height and Occupancy Factors (ks)

Bridge Height	Bridge Height and Occupancy Factor			
Above Ground (m)	Low Occupancy Land Use	High Occupancy Land Use ¹		
≤ 5.0	0.70	0.70		
6.0	0.70	0.80		
7.0	0.70	0.90		
8.0	0.70	1.00		
9.0	0.80	1.15		
10.0	0.95	1.25		
11.0	1.05	1.35		
12.0	1.20	1.50		
13.0	1.30	1.60		
14.0	1.45	1.70		
15.0	1.55	1.85		
16.0	1.70	1.95		
17.0	1.80	2.05		
18.0	1.95	2.20		
19.0	2.05	2.30		
20.0	2.20	2.40		
≥ 24.0	2.70	2.85		

¹ High Occupancy Land Use includes highways or railways beneath bridges, as well as water deeper than 3.0 metres.

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TABLE HC1.7 Relationship of Severity Index and Cost per Collision (AC)

Severity Index	Cost (year 2000 dollars)	
1	\$ 20,400	
2	\$ 37,500	
3	\$ 74,600	
4	\$ 110,800	
5	\$ 186,000	
6	\$ 317,000	
7	\$ 470,200	
8	\$ 720,000	
9	\$ 1,030,000	
10	\$ 1,340,000	

TABLE HC1.8 Present Worth Conversion Factors at 2% Traffic Growth Rate (KC)

Project Life (years)	4% Discount Rate, KC	Project Life (years)	4% Discount Rate, KC
1	0.971	11	9.712
2	1.924	12	10.496
3	2.858	13	11.266
4	3.774	14	12.020
5	4.672	15	12.760
6	5.554	16	13.486
7	6.418	17	14.198
8	7.266	18	14.896
9	8.097	19	15.580
10	8.912	20	16.252

HC1.2 EXAMPLES - UPGRADING EXISTING BRIDGERAIL

EXAMPLE 1 – BRIDGE #1

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

- highway is a two lane undivided highway;
- o highway design speed is 100 km/h;
- o highway is on a horizontal curve with radius of 450 metres;
- o highway is on a vertical curve with a maximum grade less than 2%;
- o bridge deck is 13.0 metres above stream bed (water depth less than 3.0 metres);
- bridge shoulder width is 0.9 metres;
- existing bridgerail is a 450 metre long horizontal rail bridgerail on safety curb (typical on both sides of bridge);
- o existing approach rail transition is deep-beam guardrail unconnected to bridgerail;
- o AADT is 1700; and
- o remaining life of bridge deck and curbs is a minimum of 20 years.

BRIDGERAIL UPGRADING

Alternative 1 "Do-Nothing"

Input Variables:

- \circ R = 0.53 (interpolated from Table HC1.1)
- o $k_c = 1.9$ (see Table HC1.2)
- o $k_g = 1.0$ (see Table HC1.3)
- \circ P = 0.7965 (interpolated from Table HC1.4)
- o $k_m = 1.60$ (see Table HC1.5)
- o $k_s = 1.30$ (see Table HC1.6)
- SI = 3.6 (see Figure HC2.1(a), Appendix C2)
- AC = \$96,300 (interpolated from Table HC1.7)
- o KC = 16.252 (see Table HC1.8)
- \circ L = 450 m

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Present Worth of Collision Costs (PWCC):

 $PWCC = 0.53 \times 1.9 \times 1.0 \times 0.7965 \times 1.60 \times 1.30 \times \$96,300 \times 450 \text{ m} \times 16.252/1000 = \$1,175,000$

Present Worth of Upgrading Costs (PWUC):

PWUC = \$0

Total Present Worth (TPW):

TPW = \$1,175,000 + \$0 = \$1,175,000

Alternative 2 "Upgrade Existing Bridgerail Based on Figure HC2.2(a) (Appendix C2)"

Input Variables:

- \circ R = 0.53 (interpolated from Table HC1.1)
- o $k_c = 1.9$ (see Table HC1.2)
- \circ k_g = 1.0 (see Table HC1.3)
- \circ P = 0.7965 (interpolated from Table HC1.4)
- o $k_m = 1.60$ (see Table H C1.5)
- o $k_s = 1.30$ (see Table HC1.6)
- o SI = 3.3 (see Figure HC2.2(a), Appendix C2)
- o AC = \$85,400 (interpolated from Table HC1.7)
- o KC = 16.252 (see Table HC1.8)
- \circ L = 450 m
- o Assumed cost to upgrade the bridgerail is \$250/m in year 2000 dollars

Present Worth of Collision Costs (PWCC):

 $PWCC = 0.53 \times 1.9 \times 1.0 \times 0.7965 \times 1.60 \times 1.30 \times \$85,400 \times 450 \text{ m} \times 16.252/1000 = \$1,042,000$

Present Worth of Upgrading Costs (PWUC):

PWUC = 450 m x \$250/m = \$113,000

Total Present Worth (TPW):

TPW = \$1,042,000 + \$113,000 = \$1,155,000

Conclusion: The "Upgrading" alternative is the recommended alternative because it has the lowest total present worth.

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EXAMPLE 2 – BRIDGE #2

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

- highway is a two lane undivided highway;
- o highway design speed is 100 km/h;
- o highway is on tangent horizontal alignment;
- highway is on a vertical grade of 0.8%;
- o bridge deck is 7.5 metres above stream bed (water depth less than 3.0 metres);
- bridge shoulder width is 1.8 metres;
- existing bridgerail is a 110 metre long single layer deep-beam bridgerail on safety curb (typical on both sides of bridge);
- o existing approach rail transition is deep-beam guardrail unconnected to bridgerail;
- o AADT is 2500; and
- o remaining life of bridge deck and curbs is a minimum of 20 years.

BRIDGERAIL UPGRADING

Alternative 1 "Do-Nothing"

Input Variables:

- \circ R = 0.71 (interpolated from Table HC1.1)
- o $k_c = 1.0$ (see Table HC1.2)
- o $k_g = 1.0$ (see Table HC1.3)
- \circ P = 0.6351 (interpolated from Table HC1.4)
- o $k_m = 1.60$ (see Table HC1.5)
- o $k_s = 0.70$ (see Table HC1.6)
- o SI = 3.8 (see Figure HC2.1(c), Appendix C2)
- o AC = \$103,600 (interpolated from Table HC1.7)
- o KC = 16.252 (see Table HC1.8)
- \circ L = 110 m

Present Worth of Collision Costs (PWCC):

 $PWCC = 0.71 \times 1.0 \times 1.0 \times 0.6351 \times 1.60 \times 0.70 \times 103,600 \times 110 \text{ m} \times 16.252/1000 = \$94,000$

Present Worth of Upgrading Costs (PWUC):

PWUC = \$0

Total Present Worth (TPW):

TPW = \$94,000 + \$0 = \$94,000

Alternative 2 "Upgrade Existing Bridgerail Based on Figure HC2.2(g) (Appendix C2)"

Input Variables:

- \circ R = 0.71 (interpolated from Table HC1.1)
- o $k_c = 1.0$ (see Table HC1.2)
- o $k_g = 1.0$ (see Table HC1.3)
- \circ P = 0.6351 (interpolated from Table HC1.4)
- o $k_m = 1.60$ (see Table HC1.5)
- o $k_s = 0.70$ (see Table HC1.6)
- o SI = 3.3 (see Figure HC2.2(g), Appendix C2)
- AC = \$85,400 (interpolated from Table HC1.7)
- o KC = 16.252 (see Table HC1.8)
- \circ L = 110 m
- o Assumed cost to upgrade the bridgerail is \$250/m in year 2000 dollars

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Present Worth of Collision Costs (PWCC):

 $PWCC = 0.71 \times 1.0 \times 1.0 \times 0.6351 \times 1.60 \times 0.70 \times \$85,400 \times 110 \text{ m} \times 16.252/1000 = \$77,000$

Present Worth of Upgrading Costs (PWUC):

PWUC = 110 m x \$250/m = \$27,000

Total Present Worth (TPW):

TPW = \$77,000 + \$27,000 = \$104,000

Conclusion: The "Do Nothing" alternative is the recommended alternative because it has the lowest total present worth.

EXAMPLE 3 – BRIDGE #3

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

- highway is a four lane divided highway;
- o highway design speed is 110 km/h;
- o highway is on tangent horizontal alignment;
- o highway is on a vertical curve with a maximum grade less than 2%;
- o bridge deck is 9.5 metres above stream bed (water depth less than 3.0 metres);
- o minimum bridge shoulder width is 2.5 metres;
- existing bridgerail is a 200 metre long double tube bridgerail on safety curb (typical on both sides of bridge);
- o existing approach rail transition is deep-beam guardrail connected to bridgerail;
- o AADT is 9900; and
- o remaining life of bridge deck and curbs is a minimum of 20 years.

BRIDGERAIL UPGRADING

Alternative 1 "Do-Nothing"

Input Variables:

- \circ R = 0.48 (interpolated from Table HC1.1)
- o $k_c = 1.0$ (see Table HC1.2)
- \circ k_g = 1.0 (see Table HC1.3)
- \circ P = 0.5849 (see Table HC1.4)
- o $k_m = 1.65$ (see Table HC1.5)
- \circ k_s = 0.88 (interpolated from Table HC1.6)
- o SI = 4.0 (see Figure HC2.1(f), Appendix C2)
- o AC = \$110,800 (see Table HC1.7)
- o KC = 16.252 (see Table HC1.8)
- \circ L = 200 m

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Present Worth of Collision Costs (PWCC):

 $PWCC = 0.48 \times 1.0 \times 1.0 \times 0.5849 \times 1.65 \times 0.88 \times \$110,800 \times 200 \text{ m} \times 16.252/1000 = \$147,000$

Present Worth of Upgrading Costs (PWUC):

PWUC = \$0

Total Present Worth (TPW):

TPW = \$147,000 + \$0 = \$147,000

Alternative 2 "Upgrade Existing Bridgerail Based on Figure HC2.2(1) (Appendix C2)"

Input Variables:

- \circ R = 0.48 (interpolated from Table HC1.1)
- o $k_c = 1.0$ (see Table HC1.2)
- o $k_g = 1.0$ (see Table HC1.3)
- o P = 0.5849 (see Table HC1.4)
- \circ k_m = 1.65 (see Table HC1.5)
- o $k_s = 0.88$ (interpolated from Table HC1.6)
- o SI = 3.3 (see Figure HC2.2(l), Appendix C2)
- o AC = \$85,400 (interpolated from Table HC1.7)
- o KC = 16.252 (see Table HC1.8)
- \circ L = 200 m
- o Assumed cost to upgrade the bridgerail is \$300/m in year 2000 dollars

Present Worth of Collision Costs (PWCC):

 $PWCC = 0.48 \times 1.0 \times 1.0 \times 0.5849 \times 1.65 \times 0.88 \times \$85,400 \times 200 \text{ m} \times 16.252/1000 = \$113,000$

Present Worth of Upgrading Costs (PWUC):

PWUC = 200 m x \$300/m = \$60,000

Total Present Worth (TPW):

TPW = \$113,000 + \$60,000 = \$173,000

Conclusion: The "Do Nothing" alternative is the recommended alternative because it has the lowest total present worth.

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APPENDIX C2

EXISTING INFTRA BRIDGERAILS AND CORRESPONDING SEVERITY INDICES

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Appendix C2

Existing INFTRA Bridgerails and Corresponding Severity Indices

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Figure HC2.2-2	Recommended Bridgerail Upgrading Concepts – Sheet 2	H-APP-C2-3

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EXISTING ALBERTA TRANSPORTATION BRIDGERAILS

(DETAILS SHOWN BASED ON DRAWING S-1618-95)

(DETAILS SHOWN BASED ON DRAWING S-1402)

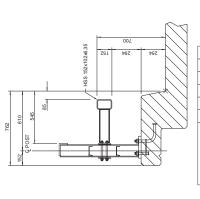
(DETAILS SHOWN BASED ON DRAWING S-986-69)

(DETAILS SHOWN BASED ON DRAWING S-1402)

FIGURE HC2.1

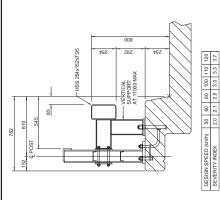
SINGLE LAYER DEEP BEAM BRIDGERAIL SINGLE LAYER SEEP-BEAM BRIDGERAIL TOP OF DECK - HSS152.4x101.6x7.95 RAIL DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.1 2.6 3.3 3.9 4.2 HSS127x127x6.35 POST AT 3 000 MAX. PARTICIPATING CURB SINGLE TUBE BRIDGERAIL ON PARTICIPATING CURB DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.1 2.7 3.4 4.0 4.3 ON PARTICIPATING CURB (DETAILS SHOWN BASED ON DRAWING S-675-69) 127 DIA STD PIPE POSTAT 1 905 MAX. q. (F) р SINGLE LAYER/DOUBLE LAYER DEEP-BEAM TTOP OF DECK - TOP OF DECK - SINGLE LAYER/DOUBLE LAYER DEEP-BEAM BRIDGERAIL HSS101.6x76.2x4.78 RAIL HSS127x127x6.35 POST AT 2 445 MAX. DOUBLE TUBE BRIDGERAIL ON PARTICIPATING CURB DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.1 2.6 3.3 3.9 BRIDGERAIL ON SAFETY CURB DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.1 2.2 3.0 3.8 4.1 4.4 - SAFETY CURB (DETAILS SHOWN BASED ON DRAWING S-675-69) 587 127 DIA STD PIPE POST AT 1 905 MAX. (g 394 SZ <u>ပ</u> TOP OF DECK -TOP OF DECK DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.1 2.7 3.4 4.0 4.3 DOUBLE TUBE BRIDGERAIL ON SAFETY CURB 01.6x7.95 RAIL DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.2 2.8 3.6 4.1 4.4 VERTICAL BAR BRIDGERAIL W130x24 OR 254x305 CONCRETE POST AT 3 353 MAX. (**3 708 MAX.) 45x10 FLAT AT 150 (TYP) (DETAILS SHOWN BASED ON DRAWING S-732) HSS152.4x152. -8 GA BENT PLATE C130x10 RAIL ON SAFETY CURB POST * ON DWG S-541 € 19 858 787* (Q) 2. RAILS ARE DISCONTINUOUS OVER PIERS AND ABUTMENTS ON DWG S-687. BRIDGERAIL HAS 2 EQUALLY SPACED BENT PLATE RAILS ON DWG S-543. DOUBLE LAYER DEEP BEAM BRIDGERAIL TOP OF DECK TOP OF DECK - DOUBLE LAYER DEEP-BEAM BRIDGERAIL HSS 127x127x6.35 POST AT 2 445 MAX HORIZONTAL RAIL BRIDGERAIL ON SAFETY CURB ARTICIPATING CURB – W130x24 OR 254x305 CONCRETE POST AT 2 438 MAX. (254x305 CONCRETE POST AT 3708 MAX. ON DWG. S-543) DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.2 2.8 3.6 4.1 4.4 DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.1 2.6 3.3 3.9 4.2 ON PARTICIPATING CURB (DETAILS SHOWN BASED ON DRAWING S-687) C102x11 RAILS C152x16 RAIL - SAFETY CURB ** ON DWG S-543 672 (e) (a)

H-APP-C2-1 APPENDIX C2



DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.1 2.6 3.3 3.6 4.0

ON SAFETY CURB PL-1 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL HORIZONTAL RAIL BRIDGERAIL (a)



- THRIE-BEAM BRIDGERAIL

50x22 POST AT 1905 MAX

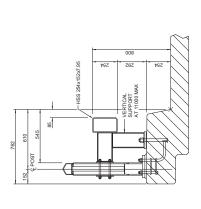
HORIZONTAL RAIL BRIDGERAIL

ON SAFETY CURB PL-2 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL **a**

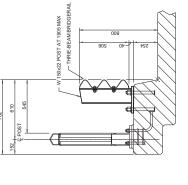
(C)



ON SAFETY CURB PL-2 UPGRADE WITH THRIE-BEAM BRIDGERAIL (SHORT BRIDGES ONLY)



ON SAFETY CURB
PL-2 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL VERTICAL RAIL BRIDGERAIL

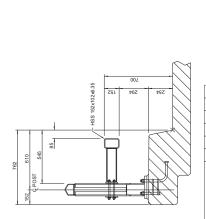


VERTICAL RAIL BRIDGERAIL

(f) ON SAFETY CURB PL-2 UPGRADE WITH THRIE-BEAM BRIDGERAIL (SHORT BRIDGES ONLY)

RECOMMENDED BRIDGERAIL UPGRADING CONCEPTS

FIGURE HC2.2-1



(p)

VERTICAL RAIL BRIDGERAIL ON SAFETY CURB PL-1 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.1 2.6 3.3 3.6 4.0



H-APP-C2-2

HSS 152x102x6.35

SINGLE LAYER/DOUBLE LAYER DEEP-BEAM BRIDGERAIL ON SAFETY CURB PL-1 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL (g)

DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.1 2.6 3.3 3.6 4.0

SINGLE LAYER DEEP-BEAM BR EL SPACER

ISS 254x152x6.35

HSS 254x152x7.95

DESIGN SPEED (km/h) 50 60 80 100 110 120 SEVERITY INDEX 2.0 2.1 2.6 3.3 3.6 4.0

SINGLE LAYER/DOUBLE LAYER DEEP-BEAM BRIDGERAIL ON SAFETY CURB PL-1 UPGRADE WITH SINGLE LAYER **DEEP-BEAM BRIDGERAIL** (F)

Ξ

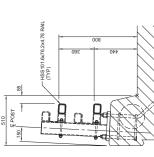
(SHORT BRIDGES ONLY)



SINGLE LAYER/DOUBLE LAYER DEEP-BEAM BRIDGERAIL ON SAFETY CURB PL-2 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL

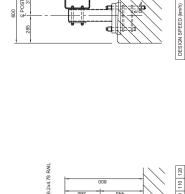


SINGLE LAYER DEEP-BEAM BRIDGERAIL ON PARTICIPATING CURB PL-2 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL \odot



ON PARTICIPATING CURB PL-2 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL DOUBLE TUBE BRIDGERAIL

DESIGN SPEED (km/h) SEVERITY INDEX



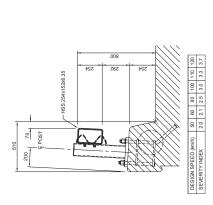
HSS 254x152x6.35 RAIL

ON PARTICIPATING CURB PL-2 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL SINGLE TUBE BRIDGERAIL Œ

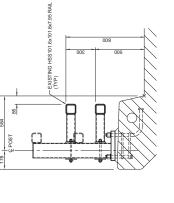
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RECOMMENDED BRIDGERAIL UPGRADING CONCEPTS





BRIDGERAIL ON PARTICIPATING CURB PL-2 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL **DOUBLE LAYER DEEP-BEAM** 3



DOUBLE TUBE BRIDGERAIL 2.0 2.1 2.5 DESIGN SPEED (km/h) SEVERITY INDEX \equiv

 Ξ ON SAFETY CURB PL-2 UPGRADE WITH HSS BRIDGERAIL